
	CO-ORDINATION OF NOTIFIED BODIES PPE-Directive 89/686/EEC + amendments RECOMMENDATION FOR USE	CNB/P/10.123 Revision 03 Language: E
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Origin : INESCOP / CTC		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vertical Group 18/05/2017 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horizontal Committee 19/03/2018 <input type="checkbox"/> Standing Committee (date)
Question related to:	EN/prEN: EN ISO 20345:2011, EN ISO 20346:2014, EN ISO 20347:2012	Other:
Annex:	Article:	Clause:
Key words: Outsole without continuity		
Question: How should footwear with outsoles consisting of several different materials be assessed when testing to EN ISO 20345: 2011, EN ISO 20346: 2014 and EN ISO 20347: 2012? This may be footwear with one outsole material type covering the forepart, another covering the heel and a different material (such as a cellular material from the midsole) in the waist area. Alternatively, it could be a more intricate outsole design such as shown in the picture below 		
Solution: Any construction should be accepted provided that <u>all</u> of the visible (exposed) outsole materials (including those in the waist area or other areas not in direct contact with the ground) comply with the resistance to fuel oil outsole requirements when this is claimed. For all other outsole requirements these shall only be tested on visible (exposed) materials that are not touching the ground where a specimen can be obtained from the footwear sample. (Note: All materials in contact with the ground or for example a ladder rung shall be fully tested)		
Sent to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> members of the VG <input type="checkbox"/> other(s) VG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HC (2) <input type="checkbox"/> TC (3) <input type="checkbox"/> SC (4) <input type="checkbox"/> other (5) (5)		

(1) Essential safety requirement
 (2) HC = horizontal committee

(3) N° of CEN/TC (Secretary & Chairman)
 (4) EEC Standing Committee 89/392

(5) To be specified